Newall Green Primary: Knowledge Organiser

Art - Pottery - Autumn 1

Year Group: 4 Date: Sept - Nov 2020



Art - Compare and contrast contemporary and Egyptian pottery



What I already know (should know):

- How to create a sketch in my sketch book.
- How to compare different pieces of artwork.
- How to adapt and improve my work.
- How to evaluate my work.
- How to work with clay.

Key facts to retain (must know):

- Clarice Cliff was an English ceramic artist who was active from 1922 to 1963.
- The Egyptians used pottery to store grains and food items, as well as to hold water and cook foods.
- Special pottery designs were made to be included in the tombs for those that had passed away.
- Egyptians used pottery to reflect their creativity and imagination.
- Pottery is made from clay.
- Due to the heat in Egypt, Egyptians were able to set their finished pottery in the Egyptian sun to bake and seal the pottery.
- By 3500 BC, artists began to add images to the pottery.

Key terms:

Contemporary - Existing at the present time period.

Pottery - Objects made of clay and hardened with heat.

Nile Silt Ware - A ceramic paste that had a red-brown colour after being fired.

Marl Clay - Made from a material found around Qena in Upper Egypt.

Pre-dynasty - Before the pharaohs.

Coiling technique - Rolling clay until it forms one long roll and then placing one coil on top of another.

Pinching and sculpting technique Pressing your thumb into the centre of
the ball, then pressing the walls out
evenly with the thumb into the inside
and the fingers on the outside.

